

## Fundamental British Values in History - Final

<p>Individual liberty</p> 	<p>In several History topics students explore different groups of people have fought for their individual liberty, most notably those fighting against the slave trade and the role of women and the suffragettes. Students learn about the importance of individual liberty and the impact it can have when this is taken away from people.</p>
<p>Mutual Respect</p> 	<p>In history it is the expectation that the teacher-student relationship is built on mutual respect. When someone is speaking their views are heard and validated, and students are praised for displaying behaviours based around mutual respect.</p>
<p>Democracy</p> 	<p>Every student has an opportunity to share their ideas freely without judgement. Students learn about the history of democracy and in particular how Britain's Parliament was formed. Students also learn about times when people have tried to take democracy away from others; for example the treatment of the Jews in World War 2.</p>
<p>Freedom of faiths and beliefs</p> 	<p>Students learn about the struggle of freedom of beliefs, and study a variety of faiths in the context of world events. In Year 7 students learn about the importance of Christianity in medieval England and how faith was the basis of how society worked. In Year 8 students learn about World War 2 and the treatment of Jews and other minority groups by the Nazi regime.</p>
<p>The rule of law</p> 	<p>Students learn about the history of the rule of law through a Year 7 topic looking at medieval England where students learn about Magna Carta and the development of Parliament and how the power of the monarch slowly diminishes. GCSE students learn about the history of crime and punishment in the UK and how different laws were introduced and the impact of this on society. Students also learn about the impact of laws introduced in Nazi Germany and how different countries have their own unique set of laws.</p>